

CORRECTION



Correction: Angioembolization for geriatric stable pelvic fracture with active bleeding—the possibility of massive hemorrhage due to corona mortis

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In the originally published article [1] (DOI: 10.22514/sv.2024.070), post-publication review by the Editorial Office identified a percentage calculation error in Table 2 and an inaccurate statement in the “Ethics Approval and Consent to Participate” section.

In collaboration with the authors, the following corrections have been made in this Correction:

1. In Table 2, the value for “Huge pelvic hematoma on CT” was incorrectly reported as 4 (32%). Corrected value: 4 (36%).

2. The statement in the “Ethics Approval and Consent to Participate” section has been corrected for accuracy:

Original statement: “The study was conducted according to the guidelines of the Declaration of Helsinki and approved by the Institutional Review Board of the Chungbuk National University Hospital (protocol no. 2023-09-023). Informed consent was obtained from all individual participants included in the study.”

Corrected statement: “The study was conducted according to the guidelines of the Declaration of Helsinki and approved by the Institutional Review Board of the Chungbuk National

University Hospital (protocol no. 2023-09-023). This retrospective study was approved by the Institutional Review Board of Chungbuk National University Hospital, and the requirement for informed consent was waived.”

The authors confirm that these corrections are limited to a reporting error in Table 2 and an ethics statement clarification, and do not affect the scientific content, results, interpretations, or conclusions of the original study.

The authors sincerely apologize for these inaccuracies and any inconvenience caused. This Correction has been approved by the Editor-in-Chief. The original article PDF remains available as published and has not been altered. Readers are advised to refer to this Correction for the corrected Table 2 and ethics statement.

REFERENCES

- [1] Kim Y, Lee J, Yang JY, Shon H, Sul Y, Lim EJ. Angioembolization for geriatric stable pelvic fracture with active bleeding—the possibility of massive hemorrhage due to corona mortis. *Signa Vitae*. 2024; 20: 44–51.