

Obstructive Sleep Apnea and Emergency Medicine

Background: Obstructive sleep apnea (OSA) is a common disorder characterized by repetitive episodes of nocturnal breathing cessation due to upper airway collapse. OSA causes severe symptoms, such as excessive daytime somnolence, and is associated with a significant cardiovascular morbidity and mortality. Different treatment options are now available for an effective management of this disease. After more than three decades from its first use, continuous positive airway pressure (CPAP) is still recognized as the gold standard treatment.

Importance: A better understanding of Obstructive sleep apnea may eventually lead to opportunities for primary prevention and treatment of Obstructive sleep apnea through the use of big data analytics.

Goal: Our goal includes developing an increasing understanding of Obstructive sleep apnea and its relationship with acute diseases, cardiovascular outcomes, and also related issues during anesthesia management.

The aim of this special issue of Signa Vitae is to give opportunity for clinicians, researchers and scientists from all the fields of medicine or research to present their latest scientific work on Obstructive sleep apnea and emergency medicine.

Deadline: 4 November 2021

Submission: <https://js.signavitae.com/>



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